

Year Lower School Cycle B	Autumn Stone Age to Iron Age (Iron Rocks!) <u>Cave Paintings (Art, History)</u> <u>Drawing, Painting,</u>	Spring Mountains, rivers and coasts. (Mountain High River Deep) <u>Jackie Gale-Textiles (Art, Geography)</u> <u>Drawing, Painting, Textiles</u>	Summer The Egyptians (Tomb Raiders) <u>Clay cartouche (Art, History)</u> <u>Drawing, Painting, Sculpture</u>
	To Master Techniques – Drawing	To Master Techniques - Textiles	To Master Techniques- Sculpture
	• Use different hardnesses of pencils to show line, tone and texture.	• Select and arrange materials for a striking effect.	 Planning the sculpture and selecting appropriate materials and tools to work with.
	• Use shading to show light and shadow.	Shape and stitch materials.	• Mould malleable materials to create objects.
	• Use hatching and cross hatching to show tone and texture.	• Sew with straight stitches to create patterns and surface decoration.	 Use simple techniques for building and joining clay



Lower School Cycle A	What did the Romans do for us? (Rotten Romans) <u>(Art, History)</u> Drawing, Mosaics patterns, Collage	Natural Disasters and Rainforests (What a disaster!) <u>(Art, Geography)</u> <u>Drawing, Painting</u>	Saxons and Vikings (Kingdom Invasion) <u>(Art, History)</u> Drawing, Painting, Sculpture
	To Master Techniques – Mosaic I can copy and complete repeating patterns I can explain the features of a type of art I can create a piece of artwork in a particular style	 To Master Techniques- Painting Use a number of brush techniques using thick and thin brushes to produce shapes, textures, patterns and lines. Mix colours effectively. Use watercolour paint to produce washes for backgrounds then add detail. 	 To Master Techniques- Sculpture Create and combine shapes to create recognisable forms (e.g. shapes made from nets or solid materials). Use clay and other mouldable materials. Working on a range of scale and sizes.



Upper School	History of Baghdad (Arabian Nights)	Local area study (Portsmouth)	Interdependence and adaptation (Changes) Butterfly life cycle (Art, Science)
Cycle B	Islamic prayer mats (Art, RE, DT) Drawing, Painting	<u>Miniature portraits (Art, History)</u> Drawing, Painting	Drawing, Painting
	Master Techniques – Painting	Master Techniques- Painting	Master Techniques – Drawing
	• Work with a range of more specialist media to achieve desired effects.	• Use the qualities of watercolour paints to create visually interesting pieces.	 Use a variety of techniques to add interesting effects (e.g. reflections, shadows, direction of sunlight).
	• Compose the work and plan the effective use of available space.	• Combine colours, tones and tints to enhance the mood of a piece.	 Use a choice of techniques to depict movement, perspective, shadows and
	•Making drawing and paintings from observation, experience and imagination with the emphasis on first hand experience.	• Use brush techniques and the qualities of paint to create texture.	 reflection. Use a wide range of drawings made by other artists from a variety of cultures and times and relating them to their own work.



Upper School Cycle A	Water as a resource and renewable energy (Fuelling the Future) <u>Rotational symmetry/Seascapes</u> <u>(Art, Maths, Geography)</u> <u>Drawing, Painting</u>	Ancient Greek democracy and monarchs past and present (Power!) <u>Sculpture- drama masks (Art, History)</u> <u>Drawing, Painting, Sculpture</u>	Evolution and inheritance (Discovering Darwin) <u>Sketching new species (Art, History, Science)</u> <u>Drawing, Painting, Printing</u>
	To Master Techniques – Printing	To Master Techniques- Sculpture	To Master Techniques – Drawing
	I can discuss different styles of artwork I can use and evaluate different printing techniques I can create original artwork using different	 Show life-like qualities and real-life proportions or, if more abstract, provoke different interpretations. 	 Use a variety of techniques to add interesting effects (e.g. reflections, shadows, direction of sunlight).
	printing techniques	• Use tools to carve and add shapes, texture and pattern.	 Use a choice of techniques to depict movement, perspective, shadows and reflection.
		• Use frameworks (such as wire or moulds) to provide stability and form.	• Choose a style of drawing suitable for the work (e.g. realistic or impressionistic).